

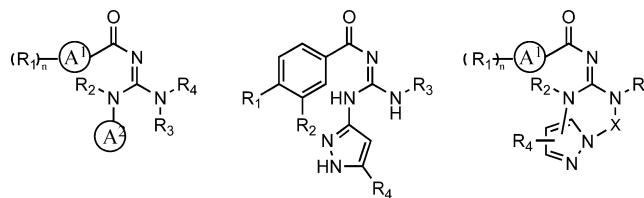
Preparation of Novel Pyrazolyl Guanidine as F<sub>1</sub>F<sub>0</sub>-ATPase Inhibitors

## Patent Highlight

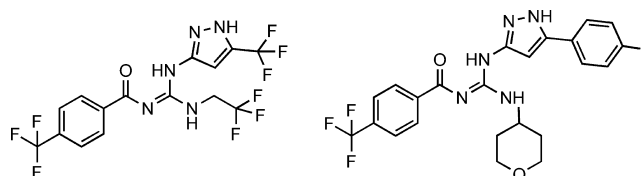
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<b>Title:</b>	Preparation of Pyrazolyl Guanidine F <sub>1</sub> F <sub>0</sub> -ATPase Inhibitors and Therapeutic Uses Thereof		
<b>Patent/Patent Application Number:</b>	WO 2012078874 A1	<b>Publication Date:</b>	June 14, 2012
<b>Priority Application:</b>	US 2010-420950P	<b>Priority Date:</b>	December 08, 2010
<b>Inventors:</b>	Glick, G. D.; Hurd, A. R.; Taylor, C. B.; Vanhuis, C. A.		
<b>Assignee Company:</b>	Lycera Corporation, USA		
<b>Disease Area:</b>	Immune disorder, inflammatory condition, cancer	<b>Biological Target:</b>	F <sub>1</sub> F <sub>0</sub> -ATPase
<b>Summary:</b>	This invention provides pyrazolyl guanidine compounds that inhibit F <sub>1</sub> F <sub>0</sub> -ATPase (e.g., mitochondrial F <sub>1</sub> F <sub>0</sub> -ATPase) and methods of using pyrazolyl guanidine compounds as therapeutic agents to treat medical disorders, such as an immune disorder, inflammatory condition, or cancer.		
<b>Important Compound Classes:</b>			



## Examples of Structures:



<b>Recent Review Articles:</b>	Chevrollier, A.; Loiseau, D.; Reynier, P.; Stepien, G. Adenine nucleotide translocase 2 is a key mitochondrial protein in cancer metabolism. <i>Biochim. Biophys. Acta Bioenerg.</i> <b>2011</b> , <i>1807</i> (6), 562–567.
<b>Biological Assay:</b>	Compounds were tested for activity against F <sub>1</sub> F <sub>0</sub> -ATPase by measuring the ability of the compound to inhibit ATP synthesis. In addition, the compounds were assessed for cytotoxicity in Ramos cells.
<b>Biological Data:</b>	Over 550 compounds were evaluated and showed inhibition of F <sub>1</sub> F <sub>0</sub> -ATPase in synthesizing ATP. Most potent compounds have an IC <sub>50</sub> < 10 μM.
<b>Synthesis:</b>	Over 550 compounds were prepared.
<b>Additional Information:</b>	Inhibitors of mitochondrial F <sub>1</sub> F <sub>0</sub> -ATPase may provide a mechanism to control regulation of the apoptotic process and its cellular machinery.

## ■ AUTHOR INFORMATION

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## Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.

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